

Pursuant to a call of the County Central Committee, the Democracy of Dakota county held their delegates, assembled at the Court House in Dakota City on Monday, Sept. 5, 1899, at 2 P. M. to nominate candidates for county officers to be supported by the democracy at the ensuing election.

The convention was organized by calling John Naffziger Chairman.

On motion, Ziba Millage was elected Vice President.

On motion, William Schofield and John McCarthy were elected Secretaries.

A motion was made that a committee of three be appointed on Credentials. Carried. The chair appointed Samuel Gamble, Ziba Millage, and Patrick O'Neal, such committee.

On motion, a committee of three on resolutions was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen: E. G. Lampton, A. H. Baker, Jacob Van Auker.

The committee on Credentials reported the names of the following gentlemen as entitled to seats in the Convention.

**Dakota President.**—Samuel Gamble, William Curt, John Naffziger, William Schofield, William Carnahan, Jacob Van Auker.

**St. John's President.**—John McFarren, John Magin, Daniel McKenna, Simon Magan, Daniel Duggan, John McCarthy, Patrick O'Neal.

**Channing President.**—William Smith, William Leach, James McKenna.

**Omaha Creek President.**—Ziba Millage, E. G. Lampton, S. G. Cochran, James Wamsley, A. H. Baker.

The report of the committee was on motion accepted and adopted.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

**Resolved,** That we heartily approve of and endorse the principles of the Democratic party. As enunciated in the Platform of the Convention held at Plattsmouth on the 18th of August last.

**Resolved,** That we pledge our united strength and labors for Gen. E. N. Estabrook and the whole Democratic Ticket, both Territorial and County.

**Resolved,** That Dakota county sends greeting to her sister counties of the Territory, and challenges each and every one of them to give as large a democratic majority as she does, in proportion to the whole number of votes polled.

E. G. Lampton, A. H. Baker, Jacob Van Auker, Com.

On motion, the report of the Committee was unanimously accepted and adopted.

E. G. Lampton moved that a nomination should require a majority of all the delegates. Carried.

A motion was made and carried that the convention proceed to nominate two candidates for Representatives.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for two candidates to represent Dakota county in the next Legislature, with the following result:

Cornelius O'Connor 16  
Harnabas Bates 14  
T. T. Collier 6

O'Connor and Bates having received a majority of all the votes cast, were declared nominated.

On motion of William Carnahan, the convention proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Register and Recorder, carried.

The following is the result of the ballot:

1st 2d 3d 4th  
Wm. Carnahan 9 9 9 11  
John M. Hayes 10 10 9 10  
William Adair 2 2 8 8

William Carnahan having received a majority of all the votes cast on the 4th ballot, was declared duly nominated.

On motion Ziba Millage was nominated as candidate for county Treasurer, by acclamation.

On motion, J. J. Tracy was nominated as candidate for county Commissioner, by acclamation.

On motion, A. H. Baker was nominated as candidate for Probate Judge, by acclamation.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Sheriff, with the following result:

1st 2d 3d 4th  
James McGinn 9 8 12  
Simon Magan 1 0 6  
S. G. Cochran 9 10 7

James McGinn having received a majority of all the votes cast on the 4th ballot, was declared duly nominated.

On motion James W. Virtue was nominated as candidate for County Clerk by acclamation.

On motion made and carried, the convention proceeded to elect a County Central Committee for the ensuing year.

The following named gentlemen were elected such committee: E. G. Lampton, Samuel Gamble, Daniel Duggan, A. H. Baker, William McKenna.

The following resolution was offered by A. H. Baker and, on motion, accepted and adopted.

**Resolved,** That having full confidence in the integrity, ability, capacity and democracy of George W. Mason of Burr county, we do hereby recommend him as a suitable person to support for District Attorney.

Mr. Bates was here called for and having appeared, returned thanks to the convention. He said he stood fair and square on the Platform of the party and none of its issues; he would run as a democrat, if elected he would be elected as a democrat and if defeated, defeated as such.

On motion it was resolved that the proceedings of this convention be published in the *Dakota City Herald*.

On motion, the convention adjourned.

**JOHN NAFFZIGER** Clerk.

**WILLIAM SCHOFIELD** Secy.

**JACOB VAN AUKE** Secy.

Editor Dakota City Herald,  
Dear Sir:

I should be glad if somebody who could, would direct the attention of the people interested, and the sharp eyes of the Government, upon that horde of red skinned rascals—the Brule and Ogallala Sioux, and other bands of Indians and note the true state of some of the Indian affairs of this portion. For the purpose of inviting such attention I beg leave Mr. Editor to submit a few words, and a brief statement of several facts for your use if you please.

The above Indians are becoming insolent and dangerous to the white settlers of upper Nebraska, and they have long been known to treat the Government of the U. S. with contempt, its officers and soldiers with disdain and contumely, and they—these Indians—are now making war upon those tribes who have lately come under the protection of the Government by treaties, because they have made treaties with the U. S.

At Niobrara we, the whites are now living in a state of half military, half civil, and our neighbors the Ponca are ensconced on the sharp point of land at the mouth of the Niobrara river, in constant and universal dread and alarm. They believe that they are in great danger of being destroyed, annihilated, by the Brule and Ogallala. A superior force of the enemy is now hovering them and as, into a very contracted space.

These Sioux fell upon the Ponca during their late summer's hunt, killed thirteen of them and drove the balance to their place of abode, minus their usual amount of Buffalo meat and hence they are nearly destitute of the means of subsistence. They have been ever since upon the war path against the Ponca, and according to the best information in our position also against the white settlers of upper Nebraska, this latter will not be much longer an unsettled question either, for we at the mouth of the river will not be content with confining our operations to this part of the valley of the Niobrara.

If the Government does not soon clear the horde of rascally savages from our track and the best track to the gold regions of the Black Hills and to the "South Pass" I believe there are in the northwest men enough who are interested in the "Niobrara Route" to take upon themselves clearing their way for small as well as large parties of emigrants.

These Indians hold jealous possession of what are believed to be the richest mineral lands east of the Rocky Mountains. They permit no white man to pass over them, they are known to have kept Lieutenant Warren and party out of their district by working upon the Lieutenant's fears or upon his extraordinary sympathies for "the poor Indian." He did not at any rate examine the most valuable and interesting portions of the country, (and understand the matter) which he was sent to explore.

There can be no question about the Indians the Brule and Ogallala &c, enjoining about the settlements. The outside settlers have removed their families to the town for a season. We do not look for unusual here, at Niobrara, because great caution and forbearance mark as they have always marked the policy of the Niobrarians. But whether similar councils will prevail as regards the country adjacent and up the valley, I think it will not take many days to settle that question, if the Brule remain.

Very Respectfully,  
B. Y. BUELLY.

District Attorney.

It will be seen by reference to another column, that a resolution was passed by the Democratic County Convention, recommending George W. Mason of Burr county, as a suitable candidate for District Attorney.

We knew Mr. Mason to be a sound and reliable democrat; a man eminently qualified for the office; a well read and practical lawyer, industrious and energetic; and will make us just such a district attorney as is wanted in this western country. He is fully conversant with the duties of the office, having served two terms as district attorney, in Steubenville, Ohio. Besides this, he is a poor man. Like many others, he has been unfortunate in his western speculations, and he needs the office. We have no doubt but that he will receive the entire democratic vote of this county.

County Convention.

It has seldom been our fortune to attend a more orderly and respectable appearing body of men, than the convention of democratic delegates that assembled in this city on Monday last. There were no aspiring demagogues among them, no radical theorists, no blustering politicians, but men of sterling worth, instructive in manners, industrious in habits, and possessed of four horse sense. They were a fair sample of Dakota county Democracy—and she may feel proud of such conservative citizens. There was no wild enthusiasm displayed but a respectable and silent determination to quietly but effectually clean out Dakota county of the last vestige of Black Republicanism. They were nearly all farmers and belonged to that class of men who mind their own business. They will be heard from inside of five weeks, and when they do quaking Republicanism in this county will give up the ghost.

Men, Wm. G. Crawford.

Our distinguished fellow townsman has moved from this city to Council Bluffs, Iowa. He left with his family and furniture on last Tuesday evening. He crossed the river at Sioux City and went on the other side. We learn from him that he has formed a law partnership in the Bluffs, and will enter at once upon the duties of his profession. Mr. Crawford is a lawyer of ability and high scholarly attainments, and we wish him success and prosperity in his new home and location.

# Dakota City Herald.

GEO. B. ORAFF, Editor & Proprietor.

Saturday Morning, September 10 1899.

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR DELEGATES IN CONGRESS.

**GEN. E. ESTABROOK.**

For Territorial Treasurer,

**WILLIAM W. WYMAN.**

For Territorial Auditor,

**ROBERT C. JORDAN.**

For Territorial Commissioner,

**V. E. HARVEY.**

For Territorial Librarian,

**ALONZO D. LUCE.**

## COUNTY TICKET.

For Representatives

**HARNABAS BATES**

**CORNELIUS O'CONNOR.**

For Register and Recorder

**WILLIAM CARNAHAN.**

For Treasurer

**ZIBA MILLAGE.**

For Probate Judge

**A. H. BAKER.**

For Commissioner

**JOHN J. TRACY.**

For Sheriff

**JAMES MCGINN.**

For County Clerk

**JAMES W. VIRTUE.**

## CANDIDATE'S DEPARTMENT.

We are authorized and requested to announce the name of Dr. J. E. M. CHICKWELL as a Candidate to represent the County of Dakota in the next Territorial Legislature.

PLEASE ANNOUNCE THE NAME OF GEORGE W. DOANE, as a Candidate for District Attorney, of the Third Judicial District.

## Our County Candidates.

Gen. B. Bates of this place, who heads our ticket as a Candidate for the Legislature, fills to overflowing the Jeffersonian requisites, "Honesty and Capacity." He has been a resident of the county nearly three years, among its first settlers, and no one has done more to promote the interests and build up the county than Col. Bates. He has always stood by the people and by Dakota county, and no opportunity has passed that he neglected to do good for their benefit. He is fully capable to discharge the duties of representative, and will make just such a representative as we should have at Omaha.

CAZ. C. O'CONNOR of St. John's, is our other Candidate for the Legislature. He too, came to the county at an early day, and has always been a fast and tried friend of this part of Nebraska. He is permanently located in the county and is not with us to day and away to-morrow. Understanding the true source of wealth in this county, he has gone to work industriously, and in the right way to make him a home, by opening him up a farm, and he now has one of the finest farms on Elk Creek, that he has broken, improved and cultivated with his own hands. He is emphatically one of the people. There is no man in the county better qualified to represent it in the Legislature than he is. Well educated, possessing sound judgment and discretion, industrious and business habits, he is just the man for the place.

With such men as Bates and O'Connor to represent Dakota county, she will be represented as she never has been before, and to the entire satisfaction and credit of her people.

Wm. L. CARNAHAN, Candidate for Recorder, is a young man of good business qualifications, a good person, and eminently suited for the place. He will make us a faithful, competent and honest officer.

ZIBA MILLAGE, Candidate for County Treasurer, is an old settler and well known to all our citizens. No better man could have been selected for the position. He is a plain honest farmer, and will see that the money of the county is not squandered or wasted, and this is important, for during his term of office, he will have considerable of the people's money to handle and take care of.

JOHN J. TRACY, Candidate for County Commissioner, was nominated because he held the office before, and was known to be a competent, efficient and an upright officer, a man who knew the wants of the county, who was fully conversant with the county business, and in whom the people have the utmost and entire confidence.

A. H. BAKER, Candidate for Probate Judge, will make a first-rate officer. Like all our nominees, he is an old resident, known to our people, and known to be a good man, well qualified for the position.

JAMES MCGINN, Candidate for Sheriff. All the duties of a Sheriff are extremely unpleasant. To inform a person by a summons that he has been sued because he was unable, or unwilling to pay, to serve an execution, to seize and sell a man's property; to arrest a criminal; and to execute the severest penalty known to the law—the taking the life of a convict who has been condemned to death, to perform these and other duties of the Sheriff's office are unpleasant indeed, both for the officer and those who are unfortunate enough to have anything to do with him. It is therefore, essential that a Sheriff should be kind and polite, and unite them with good business qualifications. Our nominee combines these requisites in an eminent degree.

JAMES W. VIRTUE, Candidate for County Clerk. Every body knows "Jim," and that it would be impossible in this or any other county, to get a man that would not like this office as well as he does. He has been elected twice before and will be again.

Every man on the ticket is a thorough reliable democrat, and we challenge the opposition to nominate one half as good. We have the right men for the right place. They are equally distributed over the county, and they will be elected by so large a majority, that it will forever crush out opposition to the Democratic party in Dakota county.

## The Blarney Stone.

An Irish legend has an account of a stone that formerly existed in Ireland, possessed of the wonderful properties of imparting a fluency of language, to those who would lick their tongues to it. Whether it ever had any existence or not, or whether it possessed all the powers ascribed to it, is nothing to our present purpose. Suffice it for us, we know that a habit exists among the natives of that "Isle of the Ocean," of being extravagantly flattered at times, and using such a power of fascination, both in language and demeanor, as to hold willing captive the eager ear of the listener. What can be more amusingly provoking than the cool assurance, the pleasant presumption with which a "broth of a boy" salutes a fair acquaintance?

"The top of the mornin' to you, Mrs. O'Flaherty; your looks are charmin', the bloom on your cheeks surpasses the fairest rose in the garden; and the brightness of your eyes can only be excelled by the goodness of your heart."

With them that kind of talk is, not inappropriately, called "blarney," and those who make use of it are said to have "rubbed their tongues to the Blarney Stone." It is "blarney" when delivered by an Irishman, but unaccompanied by the "brogue" it loses its charm, and is merely a very fine compliment. Who can resist the impulse of humor in the wild quaintness of a Milesian invitation, to "Come out and fight, for fun jist?" We might cite innumerable instances from those high in authority, of the efficacy of blarney—we mean Irish blarney, genuine blarney—but we have no idea of giving that class of our readers the benefit of this article.

The object in view is to call attention to a another kind of blarney, a blarney that has none of the thrilling pleasantness of an Irishman's, and instead of being extracted from a stone is obtained from an *man*. We refer to Republican blarney, Abolition blarney, with which the ears of the public have been filled for a few years past. It is chiefly invective, denunciations, misrepresentations, slander, abuse, etc., and has been found to work well, in certain localities. The class of men who have rubbed their tongues to this new blarney stone, are restless spirits, uneasy—some times unscrupulous—politicians, hypocritical philanthropists, and sanctimonious fanatics. A late writer describes them as having heads resembling in shape, inverted coffee-pots.

The subject-matter of all their blarneying, while out of power, is "Slavery" and "Corruption," but when they get the reins in their hands, they loose sight of these enormities and their rapacious avarice knows no bounds. As an instance, one of that class, a man named Matteson, was sent to Congress from a district in the interior of New York, and became so scandalously corrupt in receiving bribes and publicly selling his vote to the highest bidder, that he had to be publicly tried by the House of Representatives. His blarneyings about slavery elected him, and reflected very little credit on the good taste or good judgment of his constituents. During the last Presidential campaign, a large number of naturalized citizens were blarneyed into the support of the Republican candidate. None were so lavish of them at the time, as New England Abolitionists. But mark the change! Last winter these negro-loving blarneyers, these honey-worded Republicans, concluded they would show to the world their hypocrisy, by legislating against the white man, preventing those who become citizens of the United States, from exercising the elective franchise until two years afterwards—What do Nebraska Republicans think of this "invidious distinction between native-born and naturalized citizens?" We do not pause for a reply. In the Republican State of Iowa—just across the river—the people were blarneyed into the belief, a few years ago, that it would be for their interest to make a change. At that time the government was in the hands of the Democrats, and they had a provision in the constitution limiting the state debt to \$50,000. A pretty large figure! No sooner had the Republicans got hold of the reins of government than they commenced a career of public pillage, that can find no parallel this side of the conquered provinces of India, and finding the state debt limitation in their way, they took another rub at the stone, and succeeded in removing this objection. In its stead they placed a limitation of \$250,000. But judge of their capacity to plunder when, in less than two years, they have not only filled the bill, but have \$45,000 staring them out of countenance, that was provided for under no circumstances—\$295,000 is a startling figure for lubricating the gears of government in that state for less than two years. It is all owing to blarney! A similar career of state robbery marked their establishment and continuance in power in the states of Wisconsin and Michigan. The radical changes made in the laws show that they have legislated for and against the same thing, until the laws have been so shockingly mutilated, and assume such a conglomerate appearance that it is very difficult for a wise man to find anything in them that he wants. Abolition cupidity knows no bounds, and is equally willing to rob a state or kidnap a negro in Congo or Senegambia, and in violation of his country's laws and the dictates of humanity, smuggle him to the shores of the South and there sell him into that bondage they blarney so much about, for what ready cash he will bring. To show our readers that such is the fact, we will here insert an extract from a correspondent of the *Cleveland Plain Dealer*, writing from Washington, Aug. 16.

You can also find individuals who will purchase Africans when brought in by the Yankee slave traders, (for most of them are Yankee Black Republicans.) The prices of slaves in the South, range from \$1,000 to \$1,800 and when these Yankees smuggle in their kidnaped Congoes, and offer them for two hundred dollars apiece, the temptation to buy is irresistible. It is an appeal to avarice and cupidity which is too strong for poor human nature.

This is a feature of the slave trade question which should be pressed home upon the Black Republicans. Slaves are fitted out in northern ports, they go to Africa, steal negroes, carry them to the south, pocket the money for them, and return home as good Abolitionists as ever. This is no vague charge. It is literally true. Many of the men who do this very thing are such fanatics that they would, if they could, and in some cases do—steal southern slaves, carry them North, set them at "liberty," and let them starve to death.

## SOUTHERN DEMOCRAT.

The delectable tribe in this territory, in the face of facts that can not be controverted, had the assurance to blarney a plank into their platform holding the administration responsible, for the open prosecution of this nefarious traffic, by their Abolition brethren. When the laws are attempted to be enforced against negro-stealers, as in Ohio for instance, then Republicans declare it to be an imperative duty of their members, to resist the officers and, if necessary, to shoot them down. We might indulge in a notice of their blarneyings about Kansas, but we are tired of her affairs, and since Mrs. Nichols rubbed her tongue to the blarney stone, and harangued a convention of Republicans with such effect, that they instantaneously proclaimed the sexes equal, by allowing women to vote, we will pass her by in disgust.

In this territory, they have blarneyed a quiet, inoffensive, silly citizen of Nebraska, until they induced him to make an ass of himself. According to the programme laid down for him, he is to rub his tongue to the *ass*—if he has not already done so—and tear through the country like a lunatic, from south to north and *vice versa*. We could stand their state robberies, their "invidious distinction," their traffic in live Senegambians, their opposition to law and order, (Tide Oberlin,) but we can not stand this imposition on poor human flesh and blood! Mr. Daily has our heart-felt sympathy, in his meteor-like career. He went up a rocket, he will come down a stick. We are glad he is coming, as the people up this way have such a curiosity to see a specimen of political aberration, that had he not kindly volunteered to pay them a visit, we fear they would have taken it into their heads to invade the sanctity of his home. They mean no harm however, and the worst he need fear is their voting dead against him at the election. The trip will do him good, as it will show him how much "higher than a kite" he is, and how far he will have to fall in October.

## The Republican Party in Nebraska in favor of Wild Cat Banks.

**Resolved,** That we are irreconcilably opposed to the incorporation of Banks or of Banking institutions, or to the creation of an unlimited Territorial or state debt.

The above is one of the resolutions in the Platform of the Democratic party, as enunciated by its convention at Plattsmouth. It will be seen that one of the cardinal principles of the party in the territory, is hostility to Banks, and the burdening our young and prosperous territory with an unlimited debt, to hang over it like a mighty incubus, crushing out all its energies and prosperity.

How different in comparison is the action of the crowd of men that assembled at Bellevue under the name of a "Republican convention," not one word is said by them in opposition to Wild Cat or any other kind of Banks, or to the amount of the state debt.

It is well known that the opposition party have always been in favor of Banks. But we had no idea, that the broken down gambling politicians, wild cat bankrupts, bankrupts of the states, and unscrupulous speculators who composed the Bellevue convention would have the effrontery to thus countenance Banks and state debt, by not declaring their opposition to them. But the reason is obvious, they are nearly all reckless fortune seekers, and the object with them is public plunder, and money, and if they should succeed in obtaining power, their state officers would commence at once to rob and plunder, after the pattern set them in Iowa, and in a few years Nebraska would have a state debt that would take years to cancel, a Wild Cat Bank would be established in every town, and the country flooded with worthless paper in the shape of bank bills, which would only be good and be redeemed a sufficient length of time to get enough out to make it an object to fail.

Look for an instance at the history and facts of Banking in Nebraska. At the first session of the Legislature, the Western Exchange Bank was incorporated, which went into operation in the winter of 1855-6. The Nebraska Valley Bank of Nebraska, and Platte Valley, were incorporated, in the winter of 1856-7. The Banks of Denote, Tekama and Fontenelle were chartered and all were in full tide of operation in the spring and summer of 1857. The country was actually deluged with the paper of the cash banks. In the following fall and winter the crash came. First went the Western Exchange and the balance soon came tumbling after. Hundreds were made bankrupt by these failures, and swindles, and everyone in the country suffered more or less, and this more than to any other fact are we indebted for the present hard times in Nebraska.

The following is about the amount the people have been swindled out of, by these several institutions that failed, as near as ever could be ascertained:

Western Exchange Bank,	\$150,000
Nebraska Valley	75,000
Fontenelle	55,000
Tekama,	30,000
Waukeek,	30,000
	\$350,000

Making a handsome total to swindle the people out of in the short space of one year. Such operations would bankrupt and impoverish any people, and yet judging the Republicans an party as they claim to judge ours by their acts, they are in favor of these wholesale swindles.

It is a well established fact, that one of the great lie leaders of the Republican party was engaged in the Tekama swindle, and out of it made the money that in the first place, purchased the office of the "Nebraska Republican," the organ of this party in the Territory, and established it at Omaha.

It has since passed into other hands, but it had not been for the Tekama Bank and its robberies of the people, it is probable that the party would not at this day have an organ to advocate its principles.

It is by such means alone that the Republican party is kept up and alive. Will the people support and sustain it? They will not! And they will stamp the seal of condemnation on it so firmly, on the 11th of October, that it will be wiped out of Nebraska forever.

## Republican Movements.

On Monday night last, notices for an "Independent County Convention," were posted up around the City, calling together "All Voters of Dakota county, who are opposed to Federal dictation and the abuse of public trusts, and official patronage, and position in the affairs of the General Government or Territory for the purpose of advancing the political or pecuniary ends of social favorites, and who are in favor of promoting men to office on account of their money and connivance, without regard to their attachment to or connection with any particular name, clique, local prejudice or interest."

This call, comprising the most difficult words in Webster's Unabridged, and strung together in this masterly style, was the offspring of one brain, and that brain a Republican's. The same individual had the bills printed and circulated, and he, together with his republican friends, think they can fool some democrats to their support. While it is claimed that they are opposed to "official patronage," the whole movement is gotten up for that purpose alone. They want office and "official patronage." Their means of living depend on it. It is not democrats that want office, it is republicans, and they know full well that they are in a minority, largely, in the county, and that unless they can obtain the support of democrats, they will "of necessity," be opposed to "official patronage."

There is no way possible for them to get the but by democratic votes, and if they expect to get them they are as much fooled as they intend to fool democrats. The party in the county were never more united than now, and could not possibly be more so. All differences and dissensions—if any existed—are healed and entirely forgotten, and all are to work zealously for our nominees.

Democrats are not to be beguiled into the support of republicans by any such "trap" as Independent Conventions. This dodge has been too often tried, and is too apparent, even when the call is couched in such long, stringy, senseless, sentences, and with such high-sounding words. This bait will not take, and they will find that they can not draw democratic strength. We warn all democrats that this is nothing but a republican convention, and unless they want to support republican men and measures, they must not support its nominees. And if, in the language of the call, you are in favor of promoting men to office on account of their money and connivance, the nominees of this Independent, Republican Convention, will not be the men for you to support, for honesty and competency will be a stranger to them, as it is a stranger in the republican camp. *Honesty and competency* does not dwell among them, they do not know them, and you might as well expect "good to come out of Nazareth," as honesty and competency to come out of an Independent Republican Convention.

## Wisconsin.—The following is a complete list of the candidates on the State ticket recently nominated by the Democratic Convention in Wisconsin:

Governor—Harrison C. Hobart,  
Lieutenant Governor—H. S. Palmer,  
Secretary of State—H. Balden,  
Treasurer—L. Silverman,  
Attorney General—Samuel Crawford,  
Bank Comptroller—Joseph Squires,  
State Prison Commissioner—S. C. Draper.

If the Democracy of Wisconsin do not elect this ticket they ought to be killed. We know Hobart, know Palmer, know the rest of them and will challenge the entire west to produce a better sounder or stronger ticket. *Honesty and capability* are prominent qualities in them all, and it would do us a more good to see that ticket make a clean sweep than anything we know of. We do not want them to succeed by the skin of their teeth, we would like them to lay aside their faction quarrels and announce to the world next November that the Badger State has gone Democratic by at least 6,000 majority.

## "Skisms" in the World.

The Republican nominees for Congress, Mr. Daily made a little speech in this city on Thursday, on his way down to his home in Nebraska county. He said the Republicans were entirely harmonious and free from *skisms*.—(Nebraska City News.)

That's it! "Skisms" is the word! Daily knew what he was talking about, when he lightning the lightning in Nebraska city. We are obliged to him for the coinage of the term.